

The realization of existing projects of on-orbit servicing and the development of new ones is a steady trend in the development of space technology. In many cases, on-orbit service clients are objects that exhibit an undesired rotary motion, which renders their servicing difficult or impossible. The problem of on-orbit service object motion control determines the topicality of studies aimed not only at the refinement of methods and algorithms of controlling both the translational and the rotary motion of an object, but also at the development and refinement of methods of onboard determination of the object - service spacecraft relative motion parameters. This paper overviews the state of the art of the problem of object motion parameter determination in on-orbit servicing tasks and existing methods of object motion control and angular motion damping and specifies lines of further investigations into the angular motion control of non-cooperative service objects. Based on the analysis of publications on the subject, the applicability of onboard means for object motion parameter determination is characterized. The analysis of the applicability of methods of remote determination of the parameters of an unknown non-cooperative object from a service spacecraft shows that they are at the research stage. The input data for the verification of methods proposed in the literature were simulated or taken from ground experiments or previous missions. Contact and contactless methods of angular motion control of non-cooperative on-orbit service objects are considered. The most advanced contactless method of motion control of an on-orbit service object seems to be a technology based on the use of an ion beam directed to the object from an electrojet engine onboard a service spacecraft. Lines of further investigations into non-cooperative object motion control are proposed.

Keywords: non-cooperative on-orbit service object, onboard means of motion parameter determination, methods of angular motion control of objects, overview of the state of the art of a problem, lines of investigations.







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VBS [4]	742 582	8,6 8,2	22,3° x 16,8°	0,03°	-()
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[7]	640 480	7,4 7,4	49,1° x 37,8°	0,08°	-()
[8]	512 512	27,5 27,5	22,3° x 16,8°	0,11°	0,4
[9]	2048 2048	3,2 3,2	14,9° x 14,9°	0,01°	0,5

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(TOF – Time-Of-Flight). flash LIDARs). [2]: - Neptec LCS -Neptec Design Group. [13], [14]. STS-118 STS 122 LAMP (LAser MaPper), (JPL). TOF-[15], [16]. XSS-11. (), ; RVS (Rendezvous and Docking Sensor) -TOF-Jena-Optronik [17]. ATV-1 (ATV - Automated Transfer - RVS-3000 RVS-3000 3D. RVS Vehicle). 3000 3D TRIDAR, Neptec Design Group. LCS) TOF-([12]. STS-128, STS-131 STS-135. . ; (LDRI), Sandia (SNL). STS-97 [18]. LDRI CW-640 480 ; DragonEye GoldenEye _ Advanced Scientific Concepts Inc. (ASC Inc.) [19]. DragonEye STS-127 STS-133 GoldenEye , OSIRIS-REX Asteroid Sample

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LAMP (JPL)	.,	TOF	-	,	< 5000 < 2500	10 2,6	XSS-11
RVS-3000 (Jena Optronic)	•,	TOF	-	,	$1 - 1500 \\ 1 - 100$	_	ATV-5
TRIDAR (Neptec)		CW-		, _	0,5 – 2000	_	STS-128, STS-131, STS-135
LDRI (SNL)		CW- ()		-	< 45	0,25	STS-97
DragonEye (ASC Inc.)		TOF	-	,	< 1500	10 , 15	STS-127, STS-133
GoldenEye (ASC Inc.)		TOF	-	,	< 3000	10 , 15	OSIRIS-REX
VNS (Ball Aerospace)	•,	TOF	-c	,	< 5000	10 - 20	STS-134, Orion

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(DEMES - dielectric elasto-DEMES mer minimum energy structure). : ; " " [37] [38]. [39]. [40] [41].

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