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The problem of the optimization the design parameters of the solid rocket motor as a nonlinear mathematical programming problem with equality/inequality constraints is formulated. The elements of a mathematical model of the solid rocket motor and an algorithm for the determination of the configuration and overall dimensions of the charge with the slotted ductules in the front bottom of the combustion chamber at the initial design stage are presented. The structure of the optimized parameters of the solid rocket motor includes geometric parameters characterizing the initial charge configuration resulting in the selection of such a configuration, which will provide a required program of variations in time of a thrust performance of the motor during the solid rocket motor operation.

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[1, 2],

[3]

[4].

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[1, 2].

1)

m_{ne} ,

(2)

[2].

1,

2,

1

$i-$

(1)

[2],

$i-$

(2) ,

$$I = I(\bar{p}_{PH}, \bar{p}_{DY_i}, \bar{x}),$$

$$I(\bar{p}_{PH}, \bar{p}_{DY_i}, \bar{x}) = \int_0^{t_{oci}} [P(\bar{p}_{PH}, \bar{p}_{DY_i}, \bar{x}, t) - P_{mpi}(\bar{p}_{PH}, \bar{x}, t)]^2 \cdot dt \rightarrow \min_{\bar{p}_{DY_i}}, \quad (1)$$

$$\bar{p}_{PH} = (p_{PH_j}), j = \overline{1, n}$$

$$; \bar{p}_{DY_i} = (p_{DY_j}), j = \overline{1, m}, i = \overline{1, N_{cm}}$$

$$; \bar{x} = (x_j), j = \overline{1, r} ; t_{oci}$$

$$; P(P_{PH}, P, \bar{x}, t), P_{mpi}(\bar{p}_{PH}, \bar{x}, t)$$

(1)

$$\bar{p}_{PH}$$

$$\bar{p}_{DY_i}$$

[1, 2]

$$v_{ni}, i = \overline{1, N_{cm}};$$

$$\zeta_j,$$

i -

$$\mu_{ki};$$

$$p_{ki};$$

$$D_{ai}.$$

$$v_{ni}$$

$$\mu_{ki} i -$$

[1, 2]:

$$v_{ni} = \frac{g_0 \cdot m_{0i}}{P_{OCHi}^H}; \quad \mu_{ki} = \frac{m_{ki}}{m_{0i}}, \quad (2)$$

g_0 – ; m_{0i}, m_{ki} –
 i – ; P_{OCHi}^H –

i – . i –

[1, 2],
 ζ_i ,

$$\zeta_i = \frac{P_{OCHi}^H}{P_{OCHi}^K}, \quad (3)$$

P_{OCHi}^K – i –

(2)

i –

$$P_{mpi}(\bar{p}_{PH}, \bar{x}, t) = P_{OCHi}^H \cdot \left[1 + \frac{1 - \zeta_i}{\zeta_i \cdot t_{oci}} \cdot t \right]. \quad (4)$$

, , , m_{ne} 1,

, , ,

, i – ,
 "j" ,

$$\bar{p}_{ДУ} = \{\bar{c}, \bar{s}\} [1, 2]. \quad [$$

$\bar{c} = (c_j), j = \overline{1, m}$,

[$\bar{s} = (s_j), j = \overline{1, l}$], ,

: [1, 2, 5–9],

, , ,

, . ,

(1),

(\bar{s}^*),

(\bar{p}_{PH}),

\bar{c}

$$I(\bar{c}, \bar{s}, \bar{x}) = \int_0^{t_{oc}} [P(\bar{p}_{PH}, \bar{c}, \bar{s}, \bar{x}, t) - P_{mp}(\bar{p}_{PH}, \bar{x}, t)]^2 \cdot dt \rightarrow \min_{\bar{s}} \quad (5)$$

:

$$\bar{c} \in \tilde{C}^m, \tilde{C}^m \subset C^m,$$

$$\bar{s} \in \tilde{S}^l, \tilde{S}^l \subset S^l,$$

$$\bar{x} \in \tilde{X}^r, \tilde{X}^r \subset X^r,$$

$$\bar{p}_{PH} \in \tilde{P}_{PH}^n, \tilde{P}_{PH}^n \subset P_{PH}^n,$$

$$v_k \leq V_{nop},$$

$$F = R(Z), Z = \tilde{C}^m \times \tilde{S}^l \times \tilde{X}^r \times \tilde{P}_{PH}^n,$$

(6)

\tilde{C}^m –

C^m ,

$\bar{c}; \tilde{S}^l, \tilde{X}^r, \tilde{P}_{PH}^n$ –

S^l, X^r, P_{PH}^n ,

$\bar{s}, \bar{x}, \bar{p}_{PH}$,

; v_k –

; V_{nop} –

; $F = R(Z)$ –

$Z = \tilde{C}^m \times \tilde{S}^l \times \tilde{X}^r \times \tilde{P}_{PH}^n$

F ,

$z(\bar{c}, \bar{s}, \bar{x}, \bar{p}_{PH}) \in Z$

$\tilde{F} \subset F$.

(6)

$v_l \leq V_{nop}$

(5)

$$f_v \cdot v_l = V_{nop},$$

$$f_v > 1.$$

$$P_{mp}(\bar{p}_{PH}, \bar{x}, t) \quad (5)$$

(4).

$$m_{mi}^p(\bar{p}_{PH}),$$

t_{oci}

(5),

$$t_{oci}(\bar{p}_{PH}) i -$$

$$P_{y\delta i}^{nycm}$$

:

$$m_{mi}^p(\bar{p}_{PH}) = m_{0i} \cdot (1 - \mu_{ki}), \quad (7)$$

$$t_{oci}(\bar{p}_{PH}) = \frac{2 \cdot m_{mi}^p \cdot P_{y\delta i}^{nycm} \cdot \zeta_i}{P_{ochi}^H \cdot (1 + \zeta_i)}. \quad (8)$$

(5),

v_j

$$\bar{s} = \{\bar{s}_1, \bar{s}_2, \bar{s}_3, \bar{s}_4\}.$$

(\bar{s}_1)

(5).

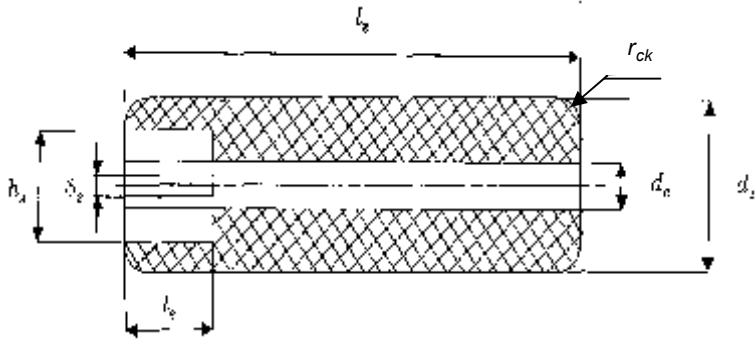
(\bar{s}_2)

(\bar{s}_3)

(\bar{s}_4)

[5, 8]

$$\bar{s} = \{\bar{s}_1, \bar{s}_2, \bar{s}_3, \bar{s}_4\},$$



(\bar{s}_1) h_s l_s ,

(5).

(\bar{s}_2) δ_s ,

r_{ck}
 z

(\bar{s}_3) l_z

d_z (\bar{s}_4) d_k

\bar{s}_1 \bar{s}_2
 \bar{s}_3 \bar{s}_4

$$V_k = V_{nop}$$

[8, 9].

d_k

[8].

[8].

[6, 8, 10].

[8].

m_{np}

$$m_{np} = \frac{P_{оч}^H}{P_{пуч}^m} = \rho_{kan} \cdot V_k \cdot \frac{\pi \cdot d_k^2}{4} + \rho_m \cdot u_1 \cdot (p)^v \cdot S_k, \quad (9)$$

ρ_{kan}, V_k –

; ρ_m –

; u_1, v –

, p –

$p^* \approx p_k$,

p_k –

(9)

S_k ,

– S_m

$$(z)^2 + [y - (r_z - r_{ck})]^2 = r_{ck}^2 \quad (10)$$

z ,

S_{kl}

$$d_{zk} = d_z - 2 \cdot r_{ck},$$

–

d_k

$$S_k = S_m + S_{kl}.$$

(11)

(11)

S_{kl}

$$S_{kl} = \pi \cdot [(r_z - r_{ck})^2 - r_k^2], \quad (12)$$

$r_z -$

$; r_k -$

$$S_m = 2 \cdot \pi \cdot r_{ck} \cdot \left[\frac{\pi}{2} \cdot r_z + r_{ck} \cdot \left(1 - \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right]. \quad (13)$$

$r_z,$ (10) – (13), -

$$r_z = r_k + e_{\max}. \quad (14)$$

e_{\max}

$$\rho_k(t) \approx \text{const},$$

$$e_{\max} = u_1 \cdot (\rho_k)^v \cdot t_{oc}. \quad (15)$$

$$\rho_k(t) = K \cdot t + \rho_{kn},$$

e_{\max}

$$e_{\max} = \int_0^{t_{oc}} u_1 \cdot \rho_k^v(t) \cdot dt = \frac{u_1 \cdot [(p_{kn} + K \cdot t_{oc})^{v+1} - (p_{kn})^{v+1}]}{K \cdot (v+1)}, \quad (16)$$

t_{oc}

(7), (8).

p_{kn}

[6, 9]

$$p_{kn} = \frac{P_{оч}^H \cdot \sqrt{\chi \cdot R \cdot T_e}}{P_{y\delta}^{пучм} \cdot A_n \cdot F_{kr}}, \quad (17)$$

$\chi -$

$; R -$

$; T_e -$

$; F_{kr} -$

$$A_n \quad (17)$$

$$A_n = \sqrt{k \cdot \left(\frac{2}{k+1} \right)^{k-1}}, \quad (18)$$

$k -$

$$(16) \quad K = \frac{\rho_{kn} \cdot (1 - \zeta)}{\zeta \cdot t_{oc}} \quad (19)$$

$$\rho_{kan} = \dots [8, 9]$$

[10]:

$$\rho_{kan} = \rho_{kn} \cdot \left(1 - \frac{k-1}{k+1} \cdot \lambda^2\right)^{k/(k-1)},$$

$$\rho_{kan} = \frac{\frac{k}{k-1} \cdot \rho_{kan}}{\frac{k}{k-1} \cdot \chi \cdot R \cdot T_e - \frac{V_k^2}{2}}, \quad (20)$$

$$\lambda = \frac{V_k}{\sqrt{\frac{2 \cdot k}{k+1} \cdot \chi \cdot R \cdot T_e}}.$$

$$(20) \quad v_k = \frac{V_{nop}}{f_v},$$

(9) - (20)

$$r_k, r_z, I_z, \bar{s}_1, \bar{s}_2$$

$$() \quad V_{cv} = (2 \cdot h_s \cdot \delta_s - \delta_s^2) \cdot I_s + 4 \cdot \left[F_k - \frac{\delta_s}{2} \cdot (b-a) \right] \cdot I_s, \quad (21)$$

(21) $a \quad b$

$$a = \frac{\delta_s}{2}, \quad b = r_k \cdot \cos \alpha, \quad \alpha = \arcsin \frac{\delta_s}{2 \cdot r_k}. \quad (22)$$

$$y = \sqrt{r_k^2 - x^2},$$

$$F_k = \int_a^b \sqrt{r_k^2 - x^2} \cdot dx = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \left[x \cdot \sqrt{r_k^2 - x^2} + r_k^2 \cdot \arctg \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{r_k^2 - x^2}} \right) \right]_a^b, \quad (23)$$

$$V_m = \frac{a}{m_{m sh}}, \quad (22).$$

$$V_m = V_{ckr} + V_{cil} - V_{cv}, \quad (24)$$

$$m_{m sh} = V_m \cdot \rho_m, \quad (25)$$

$$V_{ckr} - V_{cil} = \dots, \quad (10), \quad z;$$

$$V_{ckr} = \pi \cdot \int_0^{r_{ck}} \left(b + \sqrt{r_{ck}^2 - x^2} \right)^2 \cdot dx = \pi \cdot \left(b^2 \cdot r_{ck} + \frac{\pi}{2} \cdot b \cdot r_{ck}^2 + \frac{2}{3} \cdot r_{ck}^3 \right), \quad (26)$$

$$V_{cil} = \pi \cdot r_z^2 \cdot (l_s - r_{ck}), \quad (27)$$

$$b = r_z - r_{ck}. \quad (28)$$

$$V_{m z} = V_{ckr} - \pi \cdot r_k^2 \cdot r_{ck}, \quad m_{m z} = V_{m z} \cdot \rho_m. \quad (29)$$

$$V_{m cil} = \pi \cdot (r_z^2 - r_k^2) \cdot l_{cil}, \quad m_{m cil} = V_{m cil} \cdot \rho_m. \quad (30)$$

$$(29), (30) \quad l_{cil} \quad l_z$$

$$l_{cil} = \frac{m_m^p - m_{m sh} - m_{m z}}{\pi \cdot \rho_m \cdot (r_z^2 - r_k^2)}, \quad l_z = l_s + l_{cil} + r_{sk}. \quad (31)$$

$$m_m^p \quad (31) \quad i -$$

(7).

1. $m_{0i}, P_{y\delta i}^{nycm}, F_{kr}, \chi$;
2. $v_{ni}, \mu_{ki}, \rho_{ki}, \zeta_i$;
3. ρ_m, u_1, v ; $R, T_e, k,$
4. V_{nop} ;
5. $f_v > 1$;
6. h_s, l_s ; δ_s, r_{ck} ;
7. ε ; (9);
8. (2), (17), (18)
9. ρ_{kn} ; $i - P_{och i}^H$
10. (20) $v_k = \frac{V_{nop}}{f_v}$
11. $\rho_{kan} \cdot \rho_{kan}$;
12. t_{oc} (8)
13. $\zeta_i = 1$; $\zeta_i = 1$;
14. e_{max} (15),
15. (16).
16. r_{k1}
17. Δr_k ;
18. (11) – (14)
19. S_k ;
20. r_z ;
21. (9) $r_k = r_{k1}$
22. δ_1
23. $\delta_1 = \rho_{kan} \cdot v_k \cdot \pi \cdot r_k^2 + \rho_m \cdot u_1 \cdot (\rho_{ki})^y \cdot S_k - \frac{P_{och}^H}{P_{y\delta}^{nycm}}$ (32)
24. r_{k2} ; $r_{k2} = r_{k1} + \Delta r_k$;
25. (32) $r_k = r_{k2}$;
26. δ_2 ;

11. $(\delta_1 \cdot \delta_2) \cdot (\delta_1 \cdot \delta_2) > 0$, -
12. $|\delta_1| > |\delta_2|$, δ_1 δ_2 , -
13. $|\delta_1| < |\delta_2|$, Δr_k $(-\Delta r_k)$ -
13. r_{kr} r_{kr} -
14. $r_{kr} = r_{k1} - \delta_1 \cdot \frac{r_{k2} - r_{k1}}{\delta_2 - \delta_1}$ -
15. $(32) \quad r_k = r_{kr} \quad \delta_r$ -
16. $|\delta_r| > \varepsilon$, δ_1 δ_2 , r_{k1} -
17. r_{k2} , δ_2 δ_r , r_{k2} -
18. r_{kr} r_k r_{kr} -
19. $|\delta_r| < \varepsilon$, r_k r_{kr} -
20. $(22) \quad a \quad b$ -
21. $(23) \quad F_k$ -
22. $(21) \quad (\quad)$ -
23. V_{cv} $(26) - (28) \quad V_{ckr} \quad V_{cil}$ -
24. $(24) - (25) \quad V_m \quad m_{m sh}$ -
25. $(29) \quad V_{mz} \quad m_{mz}$ -
26. $(30) \quad V_{m cil} \quad m_{m cil}$ -
27. $(31) \quad I_{cil} \quad I_z$ -
28. $i -$ $i -$ -

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