

40, 4/1, ; e-mail: alex.e.zakr@gmail.com

(underactuated)

Hill–Clohessy–Wiltshire.

(underactuated)

Hill–Clohessy–Wiltshire.

This study is concerned with a space tethered system of two bodies connected with an elastic massless tether. The aim of this study is to extend a new program control construction method for the deployment of space tethered systems in the orbit plane with their alignment along the local vertical at the deployment end to tether retrieval with specific terminal conditions. This allows one to programmatically control the tether length or ten-

sion in such a way as to provide the required change of the angular momentum of the tethered system under the action of the gravitational moment. The novelty also lies in a new approach to constructing control of underactuated mechanical systems, in which the number of control channels is less than the number of degrees of freedom. Here, it is proposed to impose a pitch constraint on the motion of the system, which will reduce the number of degrees of freedom, thus allowing one to implement a specified motion regime by controlling the system only in the remaining degrees of freedom. The character of the constraint imposed on the admissible time variation of the pitch angle is governed by the requirements placed upon the motion regime to be executed. This paper considers the retrieval of a tethered system initially aligned along the local vertical to a specified length. The tethered system must be aligned again along the local vertical, and its longitudinal oscillations must be absent. Accounting for all the requirements for the retrieval regime, it is possible to constrict an admissible law of time variation of the pitch angle described by an eighth-order power series. For a tethered system with specified parameter values, a numerical study was conducted into the effect of the retrieval duration and the law of time variation of the pitch angle on the length of the retrieved tethered system and its behavior in the course of the retrieval. To demonstrate the practical simplicity of the proposed approach, a numerical example is given where tether retrieval is simulated numerically by integrating a Cauchy problem for Hill–Clohessy–Wiltshire equations. The analysis of results is illustrated by graphs. At the beginning of the paper, the state of the art in the problem under consideration is overviewed.

Keywords: *tethered system, retrieval, control, length variation, vertical position, deformation, space tethered system.*

[7, 15].

[27].

[16].

(underactuated)

[25].

) . , - -
 . [3]

[4]. [6, 14, 15, 18].

[21, 22, 26].

[24].

[4] [23, 24]

[28] [30]

[29].

" " Eades [11, 12].

[6, 20] [6]

$$L = L_0 \exp(-3/4 \check{S}^{or} t \sin 2[\]), \quad L_0 -$$

, t -
[20]

, \check{S}^{or} -

, [-

L_0 ,

[19].

[1, 2, 9].

[12]

/

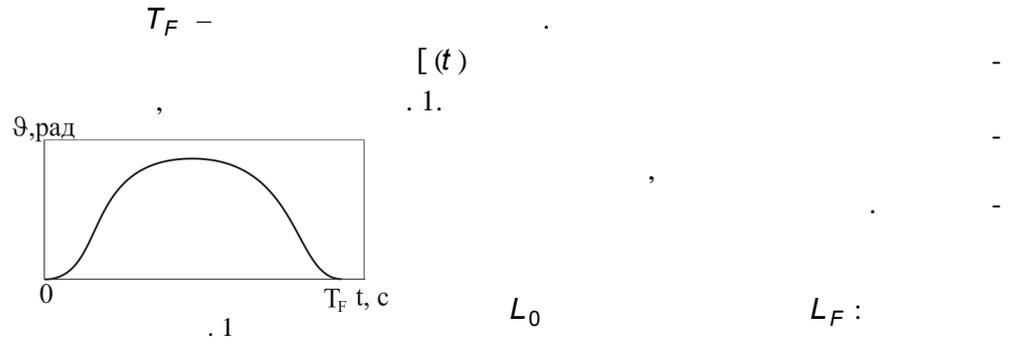
[31, 32]

1
5

$O_E X_A$: $O_E X_A Y_A Z_A$ [5] ($O_E Z_A$)
 Cx^{or} , Cy^{or} , Cz^{or} .
 Cx^{or} , Cy^{or} , Cz^{or} .
 \vec{R}_C
 \vec{i}_1, \vec{i}_2
 C : $\vec{i}_1 = \{x_1^{or}, y_1^{or}, z_1^{or}\}, \vec{i}_2 = \{x_2^{or}, y_2^{or}, z_2^{or}\}$.

$$[(0) = 0, [(T_F) = 0, \tag{1}$$

$$[(0) = 0, [(T_F) = 0. \tag{2}$$



$$L(0) = L_0, L(T_F) = L_F. \quad (3)$$

T_F .

T_F .

$$\dot{L}(0) = 0, \dot{L}(T_F) = 0. \quad (4)$$

$$\ddot{L}(0) = 0, \ddot{L}(T_F) = 0.$$

[17] (

),

$$\ddot{L} = L[(\dot{\varphi} + \dot{\varphi}^{or})^2 + 3(\dot{\varphi}^{or})^2 \cos^2 \varphi - (\dot{\varphi}^{or})^2] - 2\frac{T}{m}. \quad (5)$$

m -

, T -

(1), (2)

$$\ddot{L} = L 3(\dot{\varphi}^{or})^2 - 2\frac{T}{m} = 0. \quad (6)$$

$L(t)$,

"

$t = T_F$.

[17],

$$\ddot{\varphi} + 2(\dot{\varphi} + \check{S}^{or})\dot{\varphi}/L + 3(\check{S}^{or})^2 \sin[\varphi] \cos[\varphi] = 0. \quad (7)$$

$$\dot{\varphi} = -L \frac{3(\check{S}^{or})^2 \sin 2[\varphi] + 2\ddot{\varphi}}{4(\check{S}^{or} + \dot{\varphi})}, \quad L(0) = L_0. \quad (8)$$

$\varphi(t)$

$$L(t) = L_0 \exp \left[- \int_0^{T_F} \left(\frac{3(\check{S}^{or})^2 \sin(2[\varphi(t)] + 2\dot{\varphi}(t))}{4(\check{S}^{or} + \dot{\varphi}(t))} \right) dt \right]. \quad (9)$$

:

$$\dot{\varphi}(0) = 0, \quad \dot{\varphi}(T_F) = 0. \quad (10)$$

$\varphi(t)$,

. 1,

$\varphi(T_F/2)$

$$\varphi(T_F/2) = F_{sr}. \quad (11)$$

$F_{sr} -$

(8)

$\varphi(t)$,

(5):

$$\ddot{\varphi}(T_2) = 0, \quad \ddot{\varphi}(T_F) = 0. \quad (12)$$

,

$\varphi(t)$

(1), (2), (10), (11) (12) - 9

$L(t)$

$\varphi(t)$

[31]

$[t)$

$$[t) = \sum_{i=0}^7 c_i \left(\frac{t}{T_F} \right)^i \quad (13)$$

(12), (1), (2), (10), (11)

$$c_0 = 0; \quad c_1 = 0; \quad c_2 = 0; \quad c_3 = 0;$$

$$c_4 = 1024 Fsr / T_F^4; \quad c_5 = -256 Fsr / T_F^5;$$

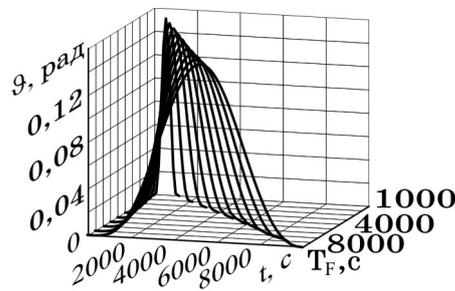
$$c_6 = 1536 Fsr / T_F^6; \quad c_7 = -1024 Fsr / T_F^7; \quad c_8 = 256 Fsr / T_F^8.$$

$$L(t), \quad (13),$$

$[t),$

10 ,
6000 ,
-3 ,
- 5000 N.
- 7000 .

$L(t),$



0,15

$Fsr [t)$

T_F

(13).

$[t)$

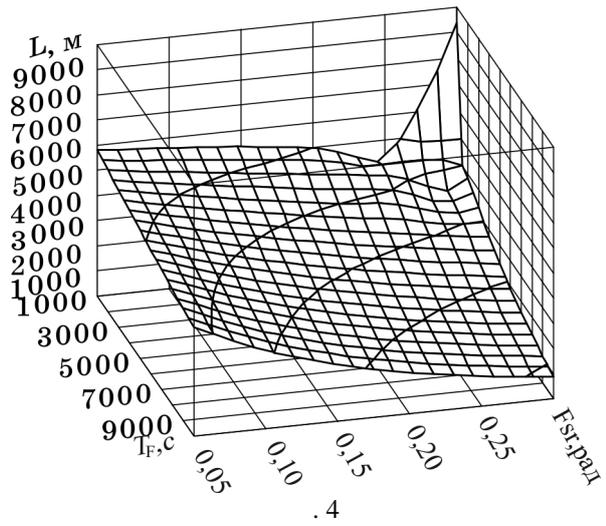
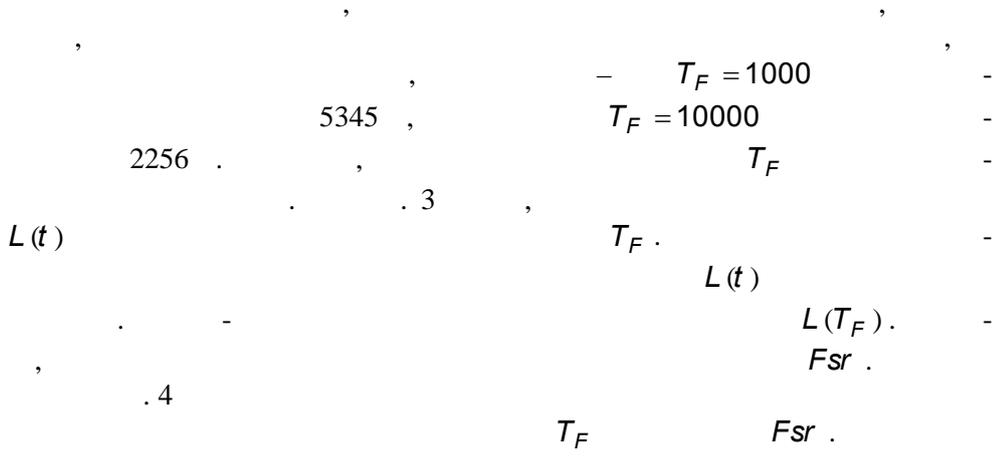
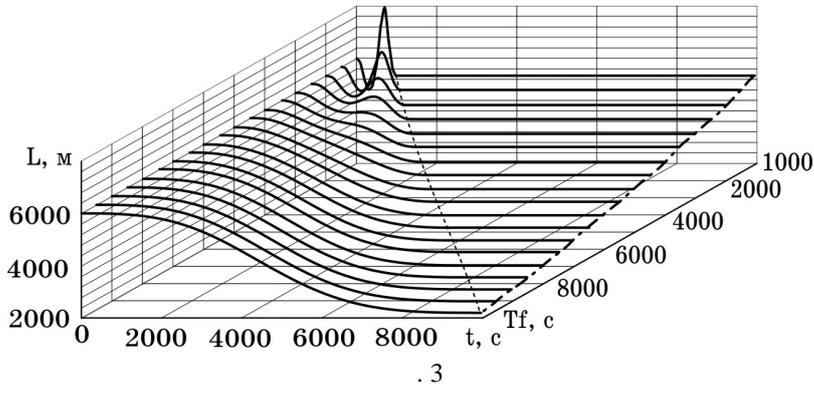
T_F

$L(t).$

(8)

T_F

$[t).$



$L(T_F, Fsr) = 1000, 2000, 3000, 4000, 5000$
 $T_F \quad Fsr \dots$

T_F, Fsr

Fsr

T_F, Fsr

(11)

$L(t),$

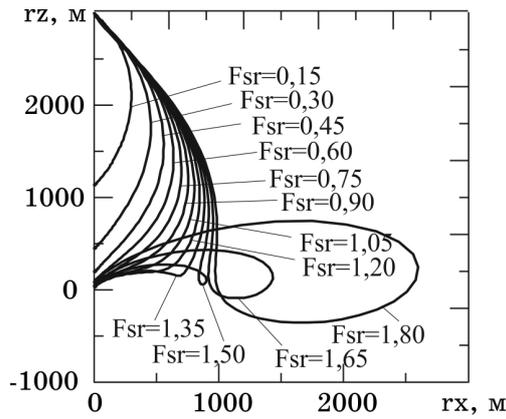
3

$L(t),$

$T_F = 1000$

$T_F < 1000$

. 4,



. 5

$T_F = 10000$

Fsr

. 5.

Fsr

$L(t)$

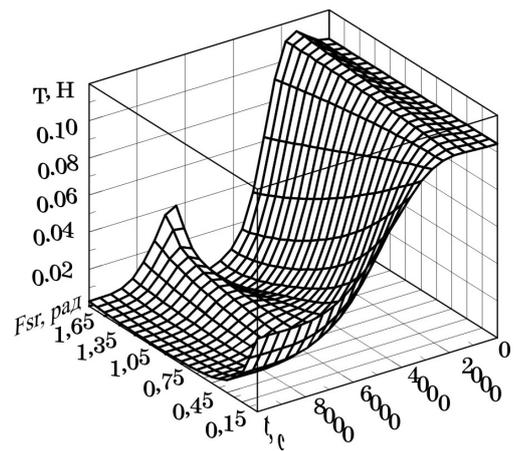
(5). . 6

$T_F = 10000$

$Fsr, t = 0$

(6).

Fsr



. 6

$Fsr,$

$$T(Fsr), \quad t = T_F, \quad (6).$$

$$Fsr = 0,15, \quad T(t), \quad (Fsr).$$

Clohessy–Wiltshire (HCW) [8] (14),

$$\begin{aligned} \ddot{r}_i = & \{2\check{S}^{or} \dot{y}_i^{or} + 3(\check{S}^{or})^2 x_i^{or} - T e_{ri}(1)/m_i, \\ & -2\check{S}^{or} \dot{x}_i^{or} - T e_{ri}(2)/m_i, \\ & -(\check{S}^{or})^2 z_i^{or} - T e_{ri}(3)/m_i \}, (i = 1,2), \end{aligned} \quad (14)$$

$$e_{ri}(1), e_{ri}(2), e_{ri}(3) -$$

$$T, \quad T, \quad (11).$$

$$(8). \quad L(t) \quad L(t) \quad (5)$$

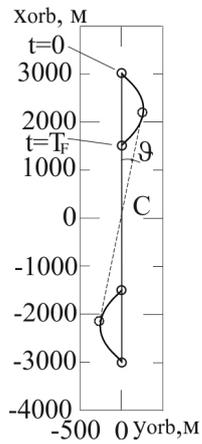
$$(7) \quad [t) \quad T(t)$$

HCW [- ,

$$t = T_F = 7078 c$$

2999,72 .

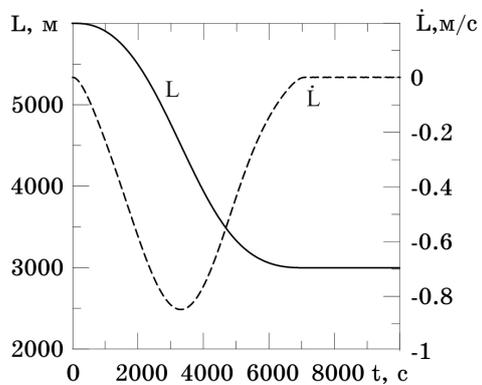
$$[t) \quad 3000 , \quad 1,2 \cdot 10^{-2} .$$



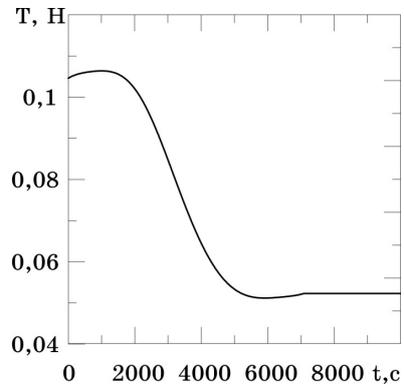
.7

$$r(t) = r_p(t) + \Delta r(t), \quad r_p(t) = \dots$$

$$\Delta r(t) = T r_p / EF$$



.8



.9

$$\tilde{r}_p(t) = r_p(t) - \Delta r(t)$$

0,1

$$\Delta r(t)$$

1. *Banerjee A. K., Kane T. R.* Tether Deployment Dynamics. *Journal of the Astronautical Sciences*. 1982. V. 30. Pp. 347–366.
2. *Banerjee A. K., Kane T. R.* Tethered Satellite Retrieval with Thruster Augmented Control. *Journal of Guidance, Control, and Dynamics*. 1984. V. 7. Pp. 45–50. <https://doi.org/10.2514/3.8543>
3. *Barkow B.* Controlled Deployment of a Tethered Satellite System. *Proceedings in Applied Mathematics and Mechanics*. 2003. V. 2. Pp. 224–225. <https://doi.org/10.1002/pamm.200310097>
4. *Barkow B., Steindl A., Troger H., Wiedermann G.* Various Methods of Controlling the Deployment of a Tethered Satellite. *Journal of Vibration and Control*. 2003. V. 9. Pp. 187–208. <https://doi.org/10.1177/1077546303009001747>
5. *Beletsky V. V.* Motion of an Artificial Satellite about its Center of Mass. *Israel Program for Scientific Translations, Jerusalem*. 1966. 261 .
6. *Beletsky V. V., Levin E. M.* Dynamics of space tether systems. *Univelt, San Diego*. 1993. 509 .
7. *Cantafio L. J., Chobotov V. A., Wolfe M. G.* Photovoltaic gravitationally stabilized, solid-state satellite solar power station. *Journal of Energy*. 1977. V. 1. Pp. 352–363. <https://doi.org/10.2514/3.62346>.
8. *Clohessy W. H., Wiltshire R. S.* Terminal Guidance System for Satellite Rendezvous. *Journal of Guidance, Control, and Dynamics*. 1960. V. 27. Pp. 653–658. <https://doi.org/10.2514/8.8704>
9. *Davis W. R., Banerjee A. K.* Yo-Yo Rate Control of a Tethered Satellite Using Angle Measurement. *Journal of Guidance, Control, and Dynamics*. 1990. V.13. Pp. 370–374. <https://doi.org/10.2514/3.20559>
10. *Djebli A., Pascal M., Elbakkali L.* On deployment dynamics of tethered satellite systems *Revue de Mécanique Appliquée et Théorique*. 2000. V. 1. Pp. 13–39.
11. *Eades J. B. J.* Analytical Solution for Extensible Tethers. *Journal of Spacecraft and Rockets*. 1974. V. 11. Pp. 254–255, <https://doi.org/10.2514/3.62053>
12. *Eades J. B., Jr, Wolf H.* Tethered Body Problems and Relative Motion Orbit Determination. *Analytical Mechanics Associates Contract NASA-CR-132780, Final Report*. 1972. No.72–35. 317 .
13. *Fan Zhanga, Panfeng Huang.* A novel underactuated control scheme for deployment/retrieval of space tethered system. *Nonlinear Dynamics*. 2019. V.95. Pp. 3465–3476. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s11071-019-04767-3>
14. *Levin E. M.* On deployment of lengthy tether in orbit. *Kosmicheskie issledovanija*. 1983. V. 21. Pp. 678–688.
15. *Levin E. M.* Dynamic Analysis of Space Tether Missions. *Univelt, San Diego*: 2007. 454 .
16. *Lur'e A.* *Analytical Mechanics*. Springer: 2002. <https://doi.org/doi:10.1007/978-3-540-45677-3>
17. *Menon C., Kruijff M., Vavouliotis A.* Design and testing of a space mechanism for tether deployment. *Journal of Spacecraft and Rockets*. 2007. V. 44. Pp. 927–939 <https://doi:10.2514/1.23454>
18. *Modi V. J., Misra A. K.* Deployment dynamics of tethered satellite systems. *AIAA Paper*. 1978. No. 1398, Pp. 1–10. <https://doi.org/10.2514/6.1978-1398>
19. *Padgett D. A., Mazzoleni A. P.* Analysis and design for nospin tethered satellite retrieval. *Journal of Guidance, Control, and Dynamics*. 2007. V.30. Pp. 1516–1519. <https://doi:10.2514/1.25390>
20. *Pelaez J.* On The Dynamics Of The Deployment Of A Tether From An Orbiter .2. Exponential Deployment. *Acta astronautica* 1995. V. 36. Pp. 313–335. [https://doi.org/10.1016/0094-5765\(95\)00117-4](https://doi.org/10.1016/0094-5765(95)00117-4)
21. *Rupp C. C., Kissel R. R.* Tetherline system for orbiting satellites. U. S. Patent No. 4083520, April II, 1978, Int. Cl. B. 64 G 1/100, US Cl. 244/167; 244/161.
22. *Rupp C. C., Laue J. H.* Shuttle/Tethered Satellite System. *Journal of Astronautical Sciences*.1978. V.26. Pp. 1–17.
23. *Steindl A., Steiner W., Troger H.* Optimal control of retrieval of a tethered subsatellite. *Solid Mechanics and its Applications*. 2005. V. 122. Pp. 441–450. https://doi.org/10.1007/1-4020-3268-4_41
24. *Steindl A., Troger H.* Optimal Control of Deployment of a Tethered Subsattelite. *Nonlinear Dynamic*. 2003. V. 31. Pp. 257–274. <https://doi.org/10.1023/A:1022956002484>
25. *Steiner W., Steindl A., Troger H.* Center manifold approach to the control of a tethered satellite system. *Applied Mathematics and Computation*. 1995. V. 70. Pp. 315–327. <https://doi.org/10.1023/A:1022956002484>
26. *Swet C. J.* Method for deployment and stabilizing orbiting structures. U.S. Patent Office No. 3532298, Oct. 6, 1970, Int. Cl. B 64 G 1/00, U.S. Cl. 244-1.

27. *Wiedermann G., Schagerl M., Steindl A., Troger H.* Computation of Force Controlled Deployment and Retrieval of a Tethered Satellite System by the Finite Element Method. In: Proceedings of ECCM'99, (W.Wunderlich Ed.). Pp. 410–429.
28. *Williams P.* Application of pseudospectral methods for receding horizon control. *Journal of Guidance, Control, and Dynamics*. 2004. V. 27. Pp. 310–314. <https://doi.org/10.2514/1.5118>
29. *Williams P.* Libration control of tethered satellites in elliptical orbits. *Journal of Spacecraft and Rockets*. 2006. V. 43. Pp. 476–479. <https://doi.org/10.2514/1.17499>
30. *Williams P., Trivailo P.* On the optimal deployment and retrieval of tethered satellites. Tucson: In: The 41st AIAA/ASME/SAE/ASEE Joint Propulsion Conference and Exhibit. 2005. 10 – 13 July. AIAA Paper 2005-4291 (2005). <https://doi.org/10.2514/6.2005-4291>
31. *Zakrzhevskii A. E.* Method Of Deployment of a Space Tethered System Aligned to the Local Vertical, *J. of Astronaut Sci.* 2016. V. 63. Pp. 221–236. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s40295-016-0087-z>
32. *Zakrzhevskii A. E., Tkachenko Ja. V., Alpatov A. P.* Method of Deployment of a Space Bodies Tether with Alignment to the Local Vertical. Patent of Ukraine UA 99303, u 201413972 from 25.05.15, Bul. "Promyslova vlasnist" 2015. No.10. Pp. 1-4.

30.10.2019,
22.11.2019